

FREE NOTES

MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORY TIMELINE

STATIC GENERAL AWARENESS FOR ALL UPCOMING COMPETITIVE EXAMS LIKE BANK, SSC CHSL, CGL, CPO, GD RAILWAYS, WBCS, WBPSC WBP AFCAT, NDA, CDS ETC.

- Summarized Note
- Current Data Updated
- Free Download
- Based on Exam Pattern
- Boost Your Knowledge
- Quick Revision
- Important Marked
- Helpful for Preli & Mains exam

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The Age of conflict (c.1000–1200 CE)

- In c.712 CE, Arabs invaded India- Muhammad bin Qasim
- Muhammad bin Qasim (c. 712 CE)

The Ghaznavids

- Sabuktagin (c. 977–998 CE)
- Mahmud of Ghazni (c.998–1030 CE)
 - **↓** 1000 1027 CE, he attacked India 17 times.
 - 4 1000 CE, Battle of Waihind : invaded Afghanistan and Pakistan and defeated the Hindu Shahi ruler Jayapala
 - ↓ 1004–06 CE, attacked the rulers of Multan
 - 4 1008 CE, Second Battle of Waihind between Mahmud of Ghazni and Anandapala
 - In1014 CE, Mahmud took Thaneshwar (near Delhi) and burnt the temple of Mathura
 - 4 1019 1020 Chandel King Vidyadhar (Strongly Oppose)- Kalinjar Abhiyan
 - **4** 1025 CE plundered the Somnath temple
 - 4 1027 17th Attack Multan
 - **4** 1030 Died

The Ghurid Dynasty and Muhammad Ghori

- 1175 First invasion of India (Multan)
- 1178 Gujarat (Patan) invasion during Chalukya King Bhima II
- 1191 Tarain 1
- 1192 Tarain 2 = Ghori + Prithviraj Chauhan
- 1194 Jaichand + Ghori = Jaichand defeat and Ghori distributed Laxmi mata marked coin. - Battle of Chandawar.
- 1203 Ghori send Qutubuddin Aibak to capture .

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• 15 March 1206- Ghori killed by Khokhar Sardar

Slave Dynasty :

- Qutub-ud-din Aibak : (1206 1210)
- Shamsuddin Iltutmish : (1211 1236)
 - 4 1215 Third Battle of Tarain
 - 4 1215 Iltutmish vs Yalduz (loose)
- Iltutmish : (1211 1236)
- Razia Sultana: (1236 1240)
- Ghiyasuddin Balban: (1266 1287)

Khilji Dynasty (1290 -1320)

- Jalaluddin Khilji : (1290 1296)
- Alauddin Khilji : (1296 1316)

Tughlaq Dynasty (1320 - 1412)

- Ghiyas ud din Tughluq : (1320 1325)
- Mohammed Bin Tughlaq : (1324 1351)
- Firuz Shah Tughlaq : 1351 1388 :

Sayyid Dynasty : 1414 - 1451

- Khizr Khan (1414 1421)
- Alam Shah (1443 –1451)

Lodhi Dynasty : 1451 - 1526

- Bahlol Lodhi : 1451 1488 :
- Sikandar Lodhi : 1489 1517
- Ibrahim Lodhi : 1517 –1526
- 1518 Battle of Khatauli Rana Sanga (Win)
- 21st April 1526 : 1st Battle of Panipat where Babur defeated Ibrahim Lodhi and established Mughal empire in India.

Mughal Empire in India

Babar : (1526 - 1530)

- 1504 :Babur captured Kabul.
- In 1519 : First attack A.D. (Bhera Rajasthan)
- Battle of Panipat (1526) Fought between Babur (Winner) and Ibrahim Lodhi.
- Battle of Khanwa (1527) Fought between Babur (Winner) and Rana Sanga or Maharana Sangram Singh
- Battle of Chanderi (1528) Fought between Babur (Winner) and Rajput Rulers. (Medini Rai)
- Battle of Ghagra (1529) Fought between Babur (Winner) and Afghan
 Chiefs of Bengal and Bihar Madmud Lodhi

Humayun (1530-40/ 1555-56)

- Dinpanah City 1533
- Battle of Debra- 1531 Humayun won
- Battle of Chausa- 1539 Humayun loose
- Battle of Kannauj/Bilgram- 1540 Humayun loose
- Battle of Sirhind- 1555 (Humayun & Sikandar Suri)

Akbar (1556 - 1605)

- 1556 2nd Battle of Panipat
- Bairam Khan 1556 1560
- 1560 1562 = Haram Government / Petticoat

Battles :

en

- 1556 Panipat
- 1561 Malwa (Baz Bahadur)
- 1562 Treaty of Aamer (King Bharmal)
- King Bharmal daughter Harkabai / Heerkumari after marriage Jodha Bai,
 'Marriam ul Zamani'

- 1564 Gondwana , Rani Durgawati
- 1569 Kalinjar , Ranthambore / Bundelkhand
- 1572 / 1573 Gujarat Muzaffar Shah
- 1576 Battle of Haldighati (Maharana Pratap)
- Akbar independent 1560
- Started Budget System, end slavery system 1562
- Abolish the practice of converting the war prisoners to Islam 1562
- Annulled the Pilgrimage tax 1563
- Abolished Jaziya Tax 1564 (First qutub ud din aibak named 'Karaj i jizya')
- Built a new city at Fatehpur Sikri -1571, (City of victory), Early name Sikri
- Started Mansabdari System 1574
- Founded Ibadat Khana (House of worship) 1575
- Akbar conquered Bengal 1576 (Dawood Khan rebelled against Akbar in Bengal) Introduction of Dahsala Bandobast system - 1580
- 1578 Ibadat Khan open to all (Parliament of Religion)
- 1585 Ralph Fitch the first english man to reach Akbar's court.
- Din e Ilahi 1582 / 1583 Birbal
- 1600 EIC company formed.
- Buland Darwaza, Fatehpur Sikri in 1601, built by AKBAR to celebrate his victory over Gujarat.
- 1604 Portuguese introduced 'Tobaco' for the first time

Shah jahan : (1628 - 1658)

- To become an Emperor, Aurangzeb arrested him in Agra Fort (1658). (in Agra Fort, died - 1666)
- Takht e Taus / Peacock Throne : 22nd March 1635
- Taj Mahal : 1631- 1653 A.D. (Arjumand Banu died after delivery , Time 22 years , Architect Ustad Ahmad Lahori , Ustab Isha Kha)

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- Red fort : 1638 A.D
- Jama Maszid : 1644 A.D.
- Moti Masjid : 1648 A.D. (Agra)

Jahangir : (1605 - 1627)

- 1585 First wife Manwati (Shah Begum), Son Khusro.
- 1587 2nd wife Jagat Gosai (Jodha Bai title)
- 3rd 1611 Mehr un nisa/ Anarkali./Nur Jahan (Padshah Begum)
 [His father Mirza Gaiyz Begh title Etmaid means respected]
- In 1615, Thomas Roe, an envoy of King James I of England, visited Jahangir's court.
- In 1628, Prince Khurram ascended the throne at Agra as Shah Jahan (King of the world).
- Takh e Taus / Peacock Throne : 22nd March 1635
- Nagina Maszid: 1635 A.D.
- Taj Mahal : 1631- 1653 A.D. (Arjumand Banu died after delivery, Time 22 years, Architect Ustad Ahmad Lahori, Ustab Isha Kha)
- Red fort : 1638 A.D
- Jama Maszid : 1644 A.D.
- Moti Masjid : 1648 A.D. (Agra)
- 1658 Shah jahan was imprisoned by Aurangzeb.

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- Jama Maszid : 1644 A.D.
- Moti Masjid : 1648 A.D. (Agra)

Aurangzeb : (1658 - 1707)

- 1659: Coronation ceremony in Red fort. (2 Times)
- In 1669 : He abolished Jharokha Darshan.
- In 1669 : He terminated all Musicians of his court.
- In 1670 : He abolished Tuladan System.
- Veena palying
- He abolished Nauroz festival.(Balban)
- In 1679, re-imposed Jajiya tax.

Later Mughal

- Bahadur Shah I/Muazzam/Shah Alam I (c.1707–12 CE)
- Jahandar Shah (March 1712-February 1713)
- Farrukh Siyar (c.1713–19 CE) : 1717 farman, In 1719, the Sayyid brothers,
- Rafi-ud-Darajat (February 28 to June 4, 1719)
- Rafi-ud-Daula (June 6 to September 17, 1719)
- Mohd. Shah Rangeela/ Roshan Akhtar (c.1719–48 CE) :
 - Nadir Shah Invasion (c.1739 CE)
- Ahmad Shah (1748-1754)
- Alamgir II (c.1754–59 CE) : Battle of Plassey (c.1757 CE)
- Aligauhar/Shah Alam II (c.1759–1806 CE) :
 Third Battle of Panipat (c.1761 CE) Battle of Buxar (c.1764 CE)
- Shahjehan III (1758-1759)
- Shah Alam II (1759-1806)
- Akbar II (c.1806–1837 CE)
- Bahadur Shah II/Zafar : Participated in the revolt of c.1857 CE



